

Dense Registration with Deformation Priors

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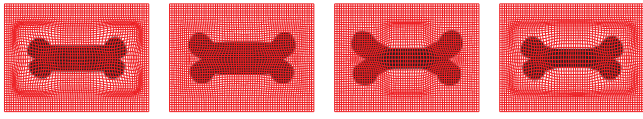
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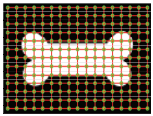
Estimation of Deformation Priors

Set of N training examples (e.g. obtained through dense registration)



1. Dimensionality Reduction

Parametrization of a displacement field by M control points (e.g. FFDs)

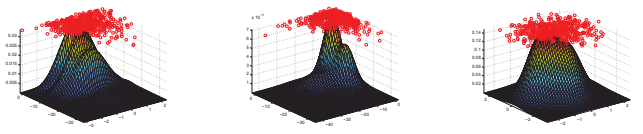


$$D(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^M \eta(\mathbf{x}) \mathbf{d}_i$$

$\eta(\mathbf{x})$: basis functions (e.g. cubic B-splines)
 \mathbf{d}_i : control point displacement

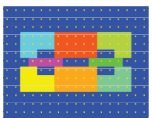
2. Displacement Distributions

Estimation of M distributions w.r.t. to the training data (e.g. Gaussian Mixture Models)



3. Control Point Clustering

Grouping of control points w.r.t. their displacement distributions



$$\min_{K, C, A} \sum_{i=1}^M \xi(n_{p_i}, n_{c_{e_i}}) + \sum_{k=1}^K f(c_k) \quad \xi(n_i, n_j) = -\log \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \sqrt{n_i(x)n_j(x)} dx$$

K : number of clusters κ : probability distribution
 C : cluster centers ξ : distance function
 A : element assignments f : cluster creation penalty

See reference [1]

Conventional Registration using MRFs

Second-order MRF labeling energy

$$E_{\text{mrf}}(\mathbf{l}) = \sum_{\mathbf{p} \in P} V_{\mathbf{p}}(l_{\mathbf{p}}) + \lambda \sum_{(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q}) \in S} V_{\mathbf{pq}}(l_{\mathbf{p}}, l_{\mathbf{q}})$$

\mathbf{l} : discrete labeling
 P : set of control points
 S : neighborhood system

Unary terms encoding similarity measure

$$V_{\mathbf{p}}(l_{\mathbf{p}}) = \int_{\Omega} \hat{\eta}(\mathbf{x}) \cdot \phi(I(\mathbf{x}), J(\mathbf{x} + D^{t-1}(\mathbf{x}) + \mathbf{d}_{l_{\mathbf{p}}})) d\mathbf{x}$$

$\hat{\eta}$: influence function
 ϕ : similarity measure

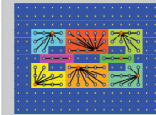
Pairwise terms encoding regularization (on a grid-like neighborhood system)

$$V_{\mathbf{pq}}(l_{\mathbf{p}}, l_{\mathbf{q}}) = ((d_{\mathbf{p}}^{t-1} + \mathbf{d}_{l_{\mathbf{p}}}) - (d_{\mathbf{q}}^{t-1} + \mathbf{d}_{l_{\mathbf{q}}}))^2$$

See reference [2]

MRF Registration with Priors

Local deformation prior for each cluster (*intra-cluster edges*)

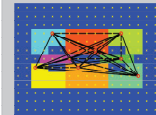


$$\psi_k^{\text{local}}(D) = \prod_{\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{c}_k \in P_k, \mathbf{c}_k \in C, \mathbf{p} \neq \mathbf{c}_k} \kappa_{\mathbf{pc}_k}(\|\mathbf{d}_{\mathbf{p}} - \mathbf{d}_{\mathbf{c}_k}\|)$$

Corresponding MRF potential

$$V_{\mathbf{pc}_k}(l_{\mathbf{p}}, l_{\mathbf{c}_k}) = -\log(\kappa_{\mathbf{pc}_k}(\|(d_{\mathbf{p}}^{t-1} + \mathbf{d}_{l_{\mathbf{p}}}) - (d_{\mathbf{c}_k}^{t-1} + \mathbf{d}_{l_{\mathbf{c}_k}})\|))$$

Global deformation prior on cluster centers (*inter-cluster edges*)



$$\psi^{\text{global}}(D) = \prod_{\mathbf{c}_i, \mathbf{c}_j \in C, i \neq j} \kappa_{\mathbf{c}_i \mathbf{c}_j}(\|\mathbf{d}_{\mathbf{c}_i} - \mathbf{d}_{\mathbf{c}_j}\|)$$

Corresponding MRF potential

$$V_{\mathbf{c}_i \mathbf{c}_j}(l_{\mathbf{c}_i}, l_{\mathbf{c}_j}) = -\log(\kappa_{\mathbf{c}_i \mathbf{c}_j}(\|(d_{\mathbf{c}_i}^{t-1} + \mathbf{d}_{l_{\mathbf{c}_i}}) - (d_{\mathbf{c}_j}^{t-1} + \mathbf{d}_{l_{\mathbf{c}_j}})\|))$$

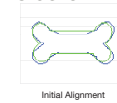
→ Registration with priors by changing the MRF topology and replacement of potentials

Novel MRF energy

$$E_{\text{mrf}}(\mathbf{l}) = \underbrace{\sum_{\mathbf{p} \in P} V_{\mathbf{p}}(l_{\mathbf{p}})}_{\text{Data Costs}} + \lambda \left(\underbrace{\sum_{\mathbf{c}_i, \mathbf{c}_j \in C} V_{\mathbf{c}_i \mathbf{c}_j}(l_{\mathbf{c}_i}, l_{\mathbf{c}_j})}_{\text{Deformation Prior Costs}} + \sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{c}_k \in P_k} V_{\mathbf{pc}_k}(l_{\mathbf{p}}, l_{\mathbf{c}_k}) \right)$$

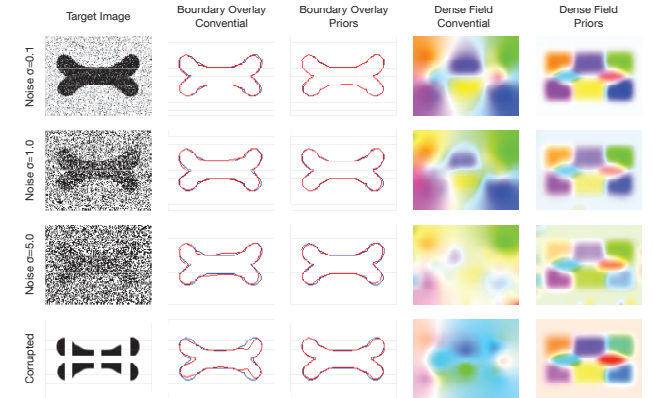
Experimental Validation

Synthetic data



Target	Conventional	Priors
Noise $\sigma=0.1$	0.42 (± 0.11)	0.16 (± 0.06)
Noise $\sigma=1.0$	0.73 (± 0.18)	0.42 (± 0.15)
Noise $\sigma=5.0$	1.17 (± 0.26)	0.79 (± 0.25)
Corrupted	1.52 (± 0.49)	0.69 (± 0.12)

Table: Average Boundary Distance



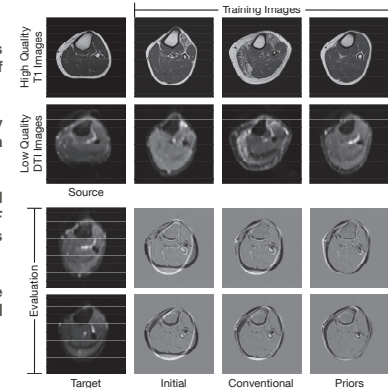
Real data

• A set of high quality T1 images is used for training and learning of deformation priors

• The corresponding low quality DTI images are then registered to a remaining set of evaluation images

• The DTI registration is performed using the proposed MRF registration with deformation priors estimated from the T1 registrations

• The registration results are visually compared to conventional MRF registration



References:
 [1] Komodakis N. et al. Clustering via lp-based stabilities. NIPS 2008
 [2] Glocker B. et al. Dense image registration through mrf's and efficient linear programming. MedIA 12(6) 2008

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