

UKPEW 2005 Invited Talk

The Future is Collaborative Performance Engineering!

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Produced with prosper and L^AT_EX

Drowning!

- ➊ We are drowning in modelling techniques and formalisms:
 - ➋ SPA (Stochastic Process Algebras)
 - ➋ SAN (Stochastic Automata Networks)
 - ➋ SPN (Stochastic Petri Nets)
 - ➋ LQN (Layered Queueing Networks)
 - ➋ ...

Drowning!

- ➔ We have underlying models:
 - ➔ CTMC (Continuous Time Markov Chains)
 - ➔ DTMC (Discrete Time Markov Chains)
 - ➔ MDP (Markov Decision Processes)
 - ➔ MRP (Markov Reward Processes)
 - ➔ SMP (Semi Markov Processes)
 - ➔ GSMP (Generalised Semi Markov Processes)
 - ➔ ...

Drowning!

- ➔ Not to mention analysis techniques:
 - ➲ steady-state analysis
 - ➲ transient analysis
 - ➲ passage time analysis
 - ➲ entropy maximisation
 - ➲ simulation
 - ➲ continuous approximation
 - ➲ ...

Drowning!

- ↪ ...performance query formalisms
 - ↪ CSL/eCSL/aCSL
 - ↪ pCTL
 - ↪ stochastic probes
 - ↪ NICE automata
 - ↪ ...

Drowning!

- ➔ ...and tools:
 - ➔ ETMCC
 - ➔ PRISM
 - ➔ ipc/DNAmaca
 - ➔ PEPA workbench
 - ➔ DSPNexpress
 - ➔ SMARTA
 - ➔ Two Towers
 - ➔ GreatSPN
 - ➔ Möbius
 - ➔ ... and many others...

Some questions

- ↪ Do all the tools produce the same results for the same questions and models?
- ↪ Are some tools/formalisms/performance models better at capturing/modelling certain systems better than others?
- ↪ Which tools run faster on which type of model? Is this because they use BDDs/out-of-core solvers/MDDs/hypergraph partitioning?
- ↪ Are we reinventing the wheel?... in terms of tools and models?

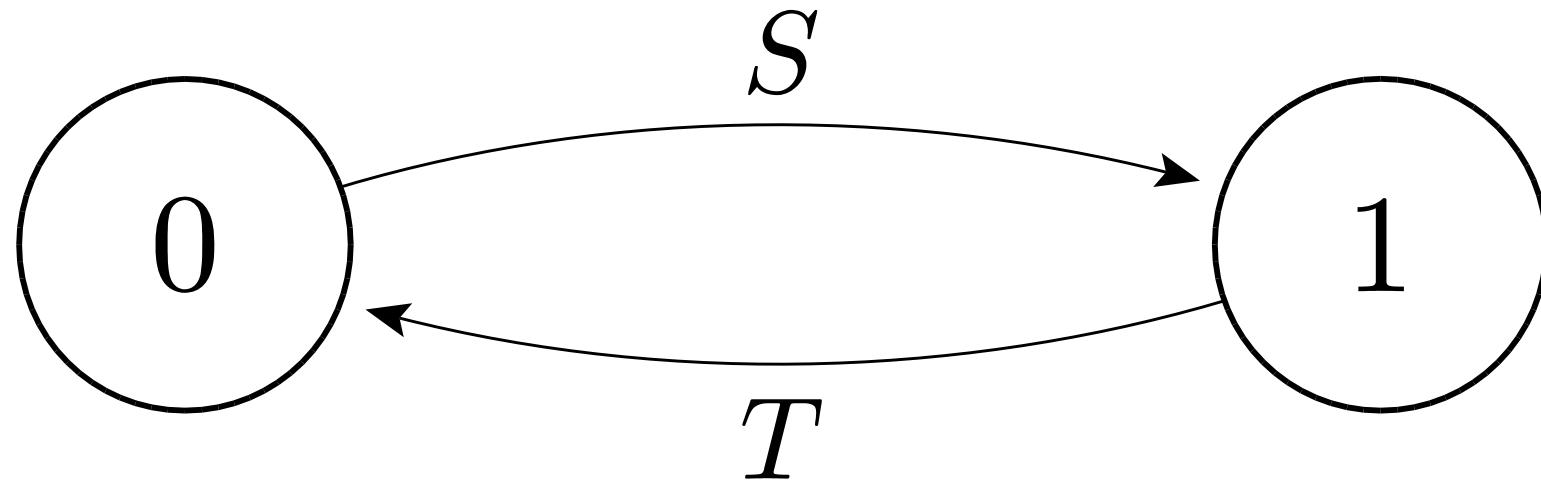
An answer...?

- ➊ The answer is another tool: Perform-DB!
- ➋ Not quite! More an *integrated collaborative performance engineering environment*
- ➌ Encourage a *performance engineering lifecycle*

A small but significant example...

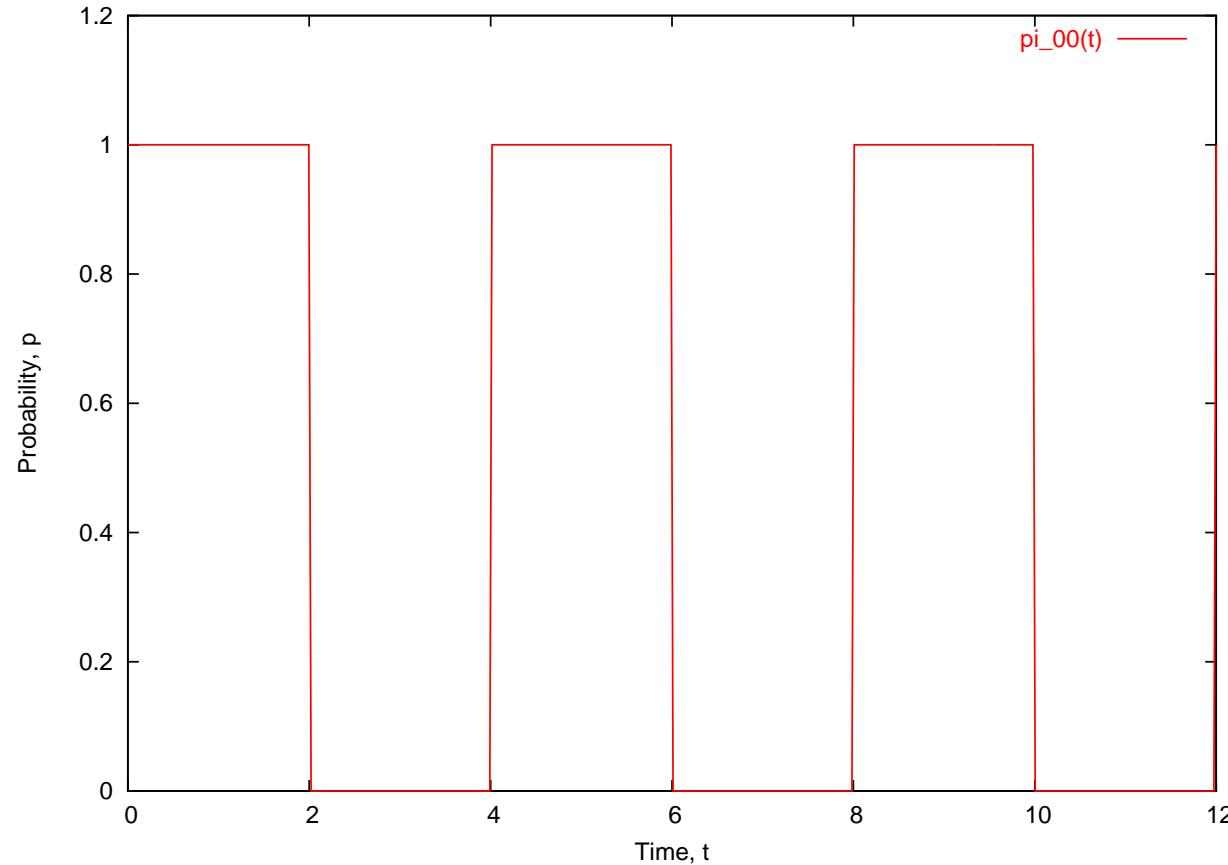
- ➊ Fully deterministic system:

- ➋ $S \sim \det(1)$
 - ➋ $T \sim \det(1)$



Transient analysis...

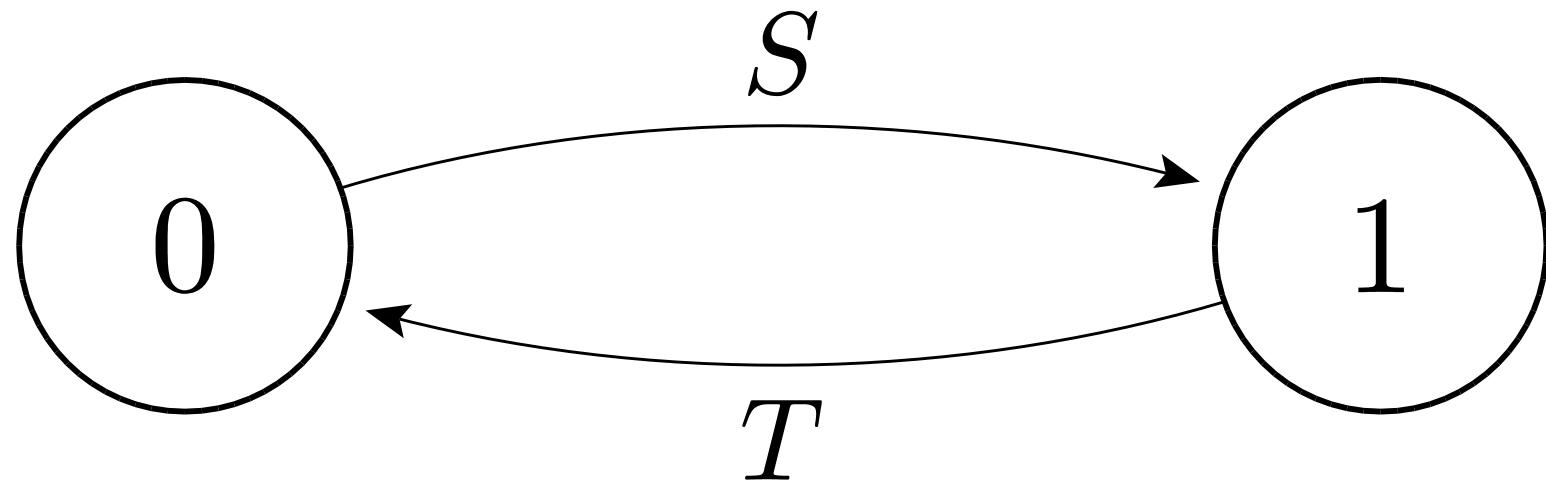
- ☞ $\pi_{00}(t)$:probability of being in state 0 having started in state 0



With a small bit of randomness

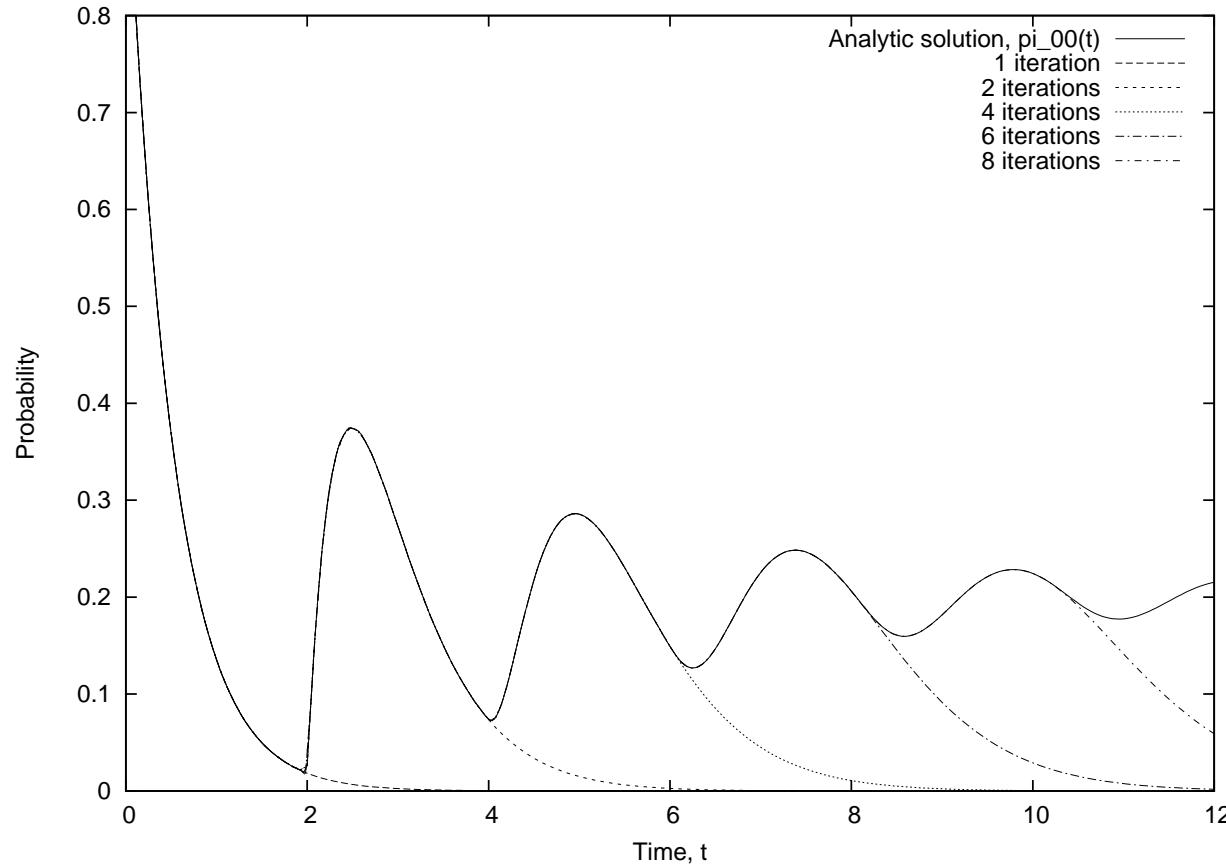
- ➊ Semi deterministic system:

- ➋ $S \sim \exp(1)$
 - ➋ $T \sim \det(1)$



Transient analysis...

- ☞ $\pi_{00}(t)$:probability of being in state 0 having started in state 0



Stochastic Process Algebra

PEPA syntax:

$$P ::= (a, \lambda).P \mid P + P \mid P \bowtie_L P \mid P/L \mid A$$

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Stochastic Process Algebra

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- ④ Action hiding: P/L

Stochastic Process Algebra

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- ➌ Cooperation: $P_1 \bowtie_L P_2$
- ➍ Action hiding: P/L
- ➎ Constant label: A

PEPA: Example

$$\text{Sys} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\text{AA} \xrightarrow[\{\text{run}\}]{} \text{A1}) \xrightarrow[\{\text{alert}\}]{} (\text{BB} \xrightarrow[\{\text{run}\}]{} \text{B1})$$

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$$\text{A1} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\text{start}, r_1).\text{A2} + (\text{pause}, r_2).\text{A3}$$

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Types of Analysis

Steady-state and transient analysis in PEPA:

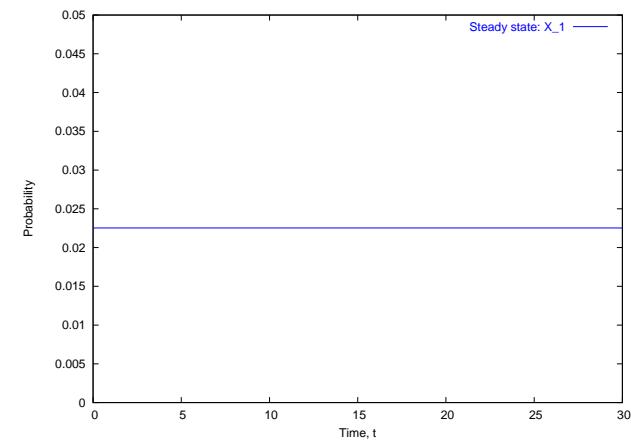
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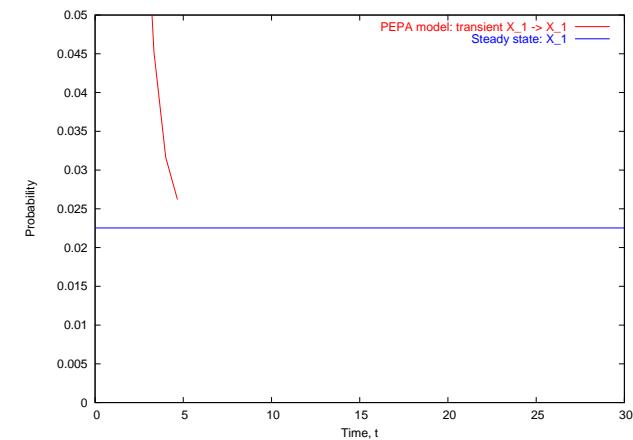
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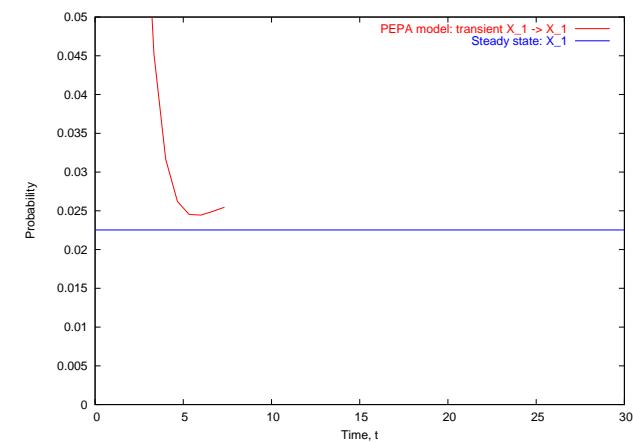
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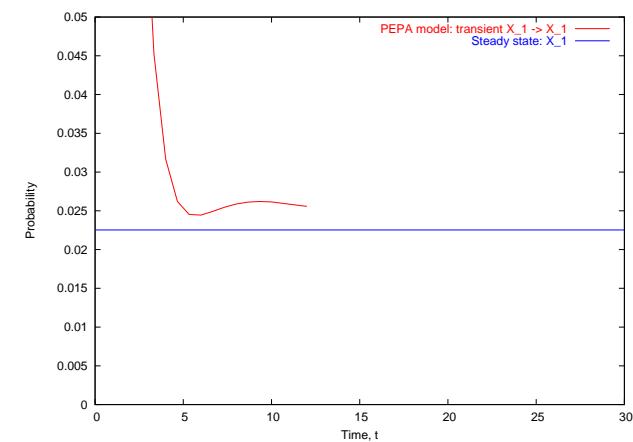
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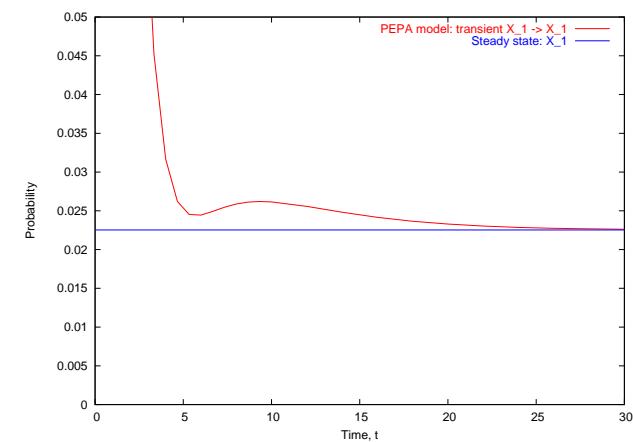
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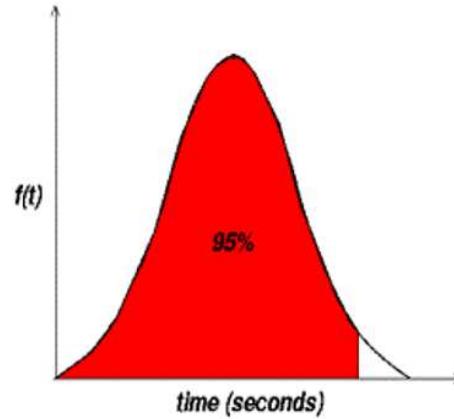
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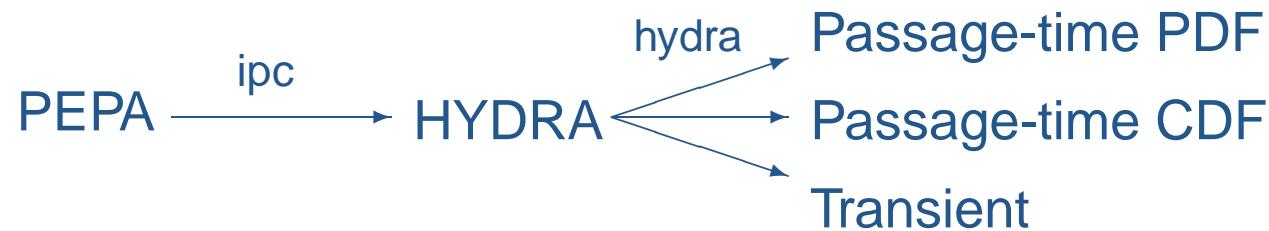
Passage-time Quantiles

Extract a passage-time density from a PEPA model:

$$\begin{aligned} A1 &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\text{start}, r_1).A2 + (\text{pause}, r_2).A3 \\ A2 &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\text{run}, r_3).A1 + (\text{fail}, r_4).A3 \\ A3 &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\text{recover}, r_1).A1 \\ AA &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\text{run}, \top).(\text{alert}, r_5).AA \\ \text{Sys} &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} AA \bigtimes_{\{run\}} A1 \end{aligned}$$

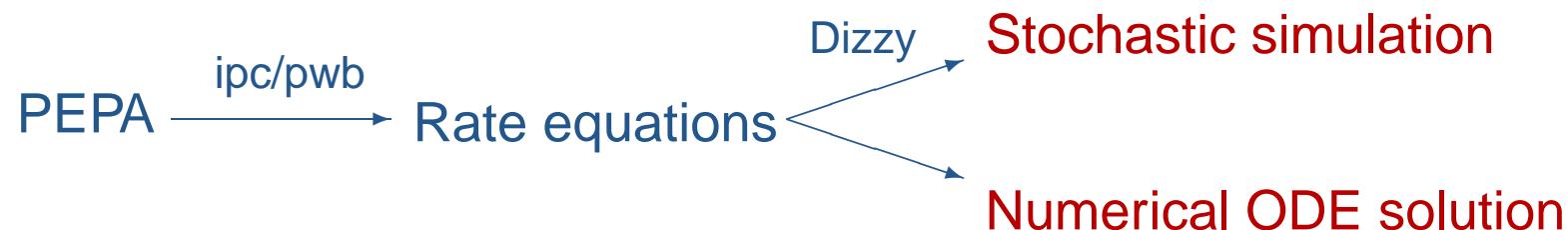


The story used to be...



- ➊ For state spaces of $O(10^9)$
- ➋ Very precise probabilistic results

Now the story is...



- ➊ For very large state spaces, e.g. $10^{1000}+$ states
- ➋ Aggregate deterministic results

Keeping track...

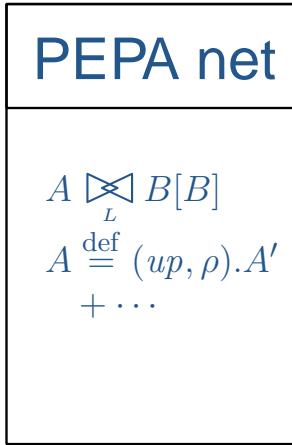
- ➔ Keeping track of:
 - ➔ model version
 - ➔ documentation of model version
 - ➔ type/version of query
 - ➔ parameter sets in model
 - ➔ tool version numbers
- ➔ ...is non-trivial

Perform-DB

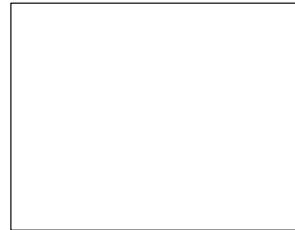
- ↪ Allow modellers to link to/import/alter! other peoples' models
- ↪ Keep track of model-result trail
 - ↪ model → query → result
- ↪ Allow modellers to compare results from:
 - ↪ different queries
 - ↪ different parameters
 - ↪ different models!

Parameter Sweeping

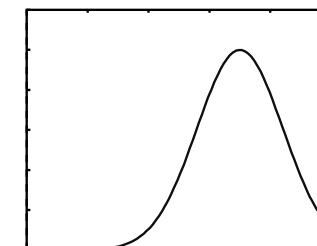
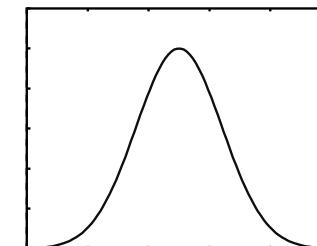
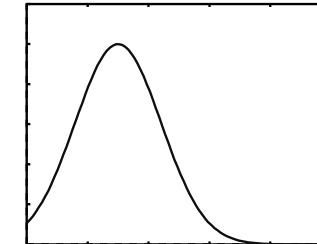
Model



Rate parameter sweep

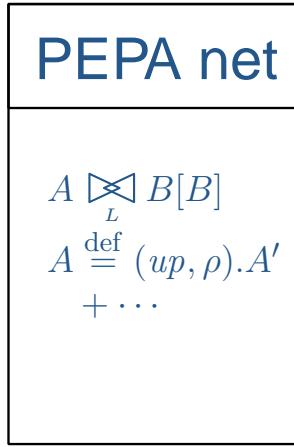


Results



Parameter Sweeping

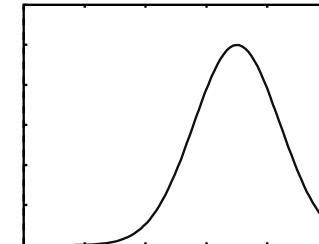
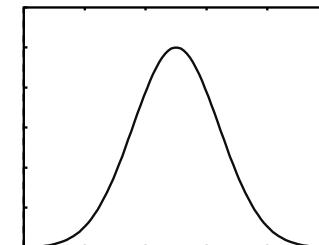
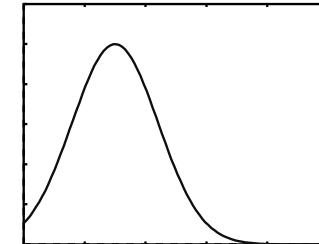
Model



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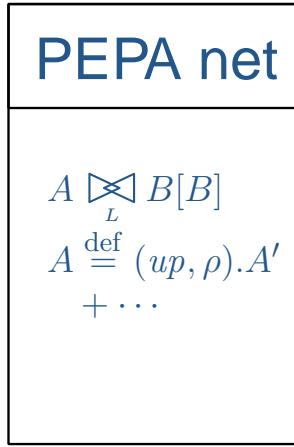
$$\rho = 0.8$$

Results



Parameter Sweeping

Model

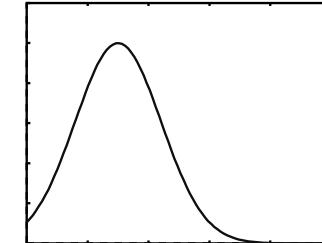


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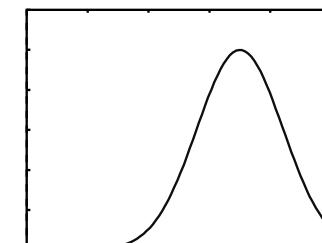
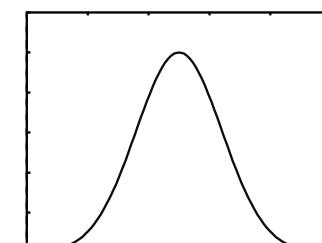
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Results

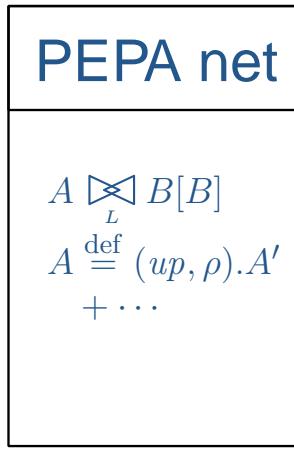


$$\rho = 0.9$$



Parameter Sweeping

Model



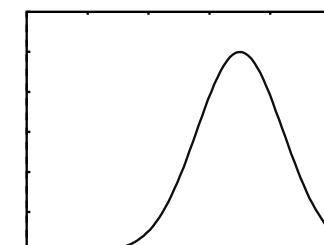
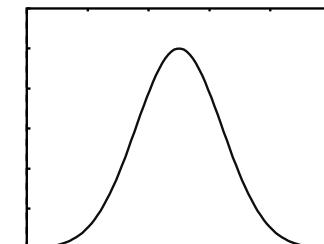
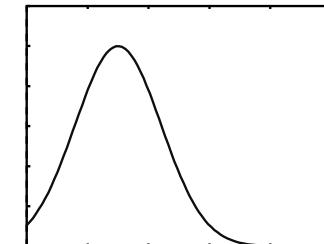
Rate parameter sweep

$$\rho = 0.8$$

$$\rho = 0.9$$

$$\rho = 1.0$$

Results



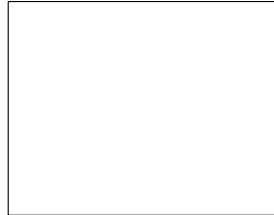
Distinct formalism support

Model description

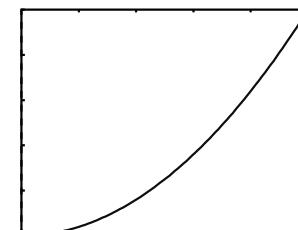
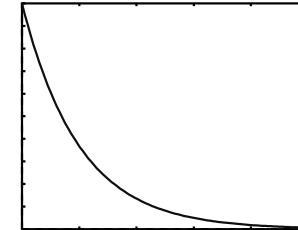
GSPN

```
...
\transition{t1}{  
    \condition{cpu>0}  
    \action{  
        cpu = cpu - 1;  
        id = id + 1;  
    }  
    \rate{mu}  
}
...
```

Performance query

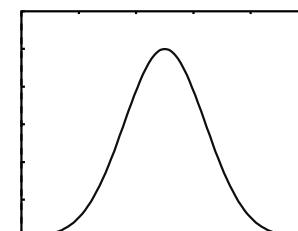


Performance results



PRISM m

```
...
module queue
q : [0..N];
[] q < N ->
mu:(q'=q+1);
[] q = N ->
mu:(q'=q);
[serve] q > 0 ->
lambda:(q'=q-1);
endmodule
...
```



Distinct formalism support

Model description

GSPN

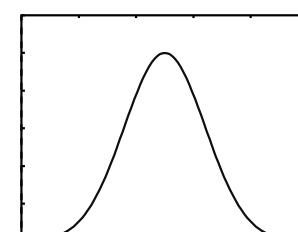
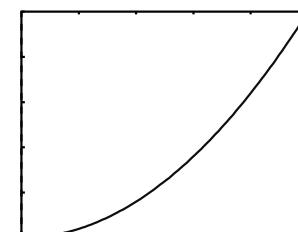
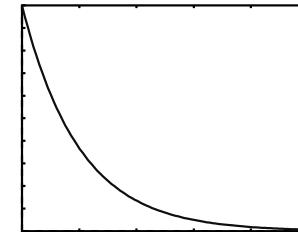
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```



Performance query

```
Response time  
\passage{  
    \source{cpu==1}  
    \target{id==1}  
    \t_start{0.1}  
    \t_stop{10.0} }
```

Performance results



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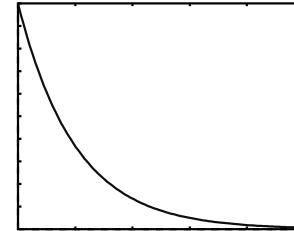


Performance query

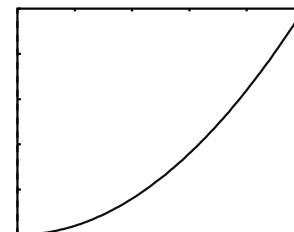
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Performance results

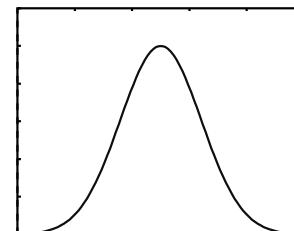


Transient dist.
\transient{
 \source{id==1}
 \target{ex==1}
 \t_start{0.1}
 \t_stop{5.0} }



PRISM m

```
...
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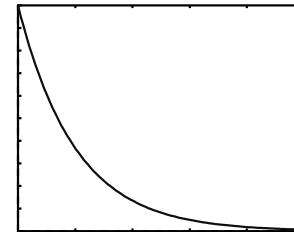


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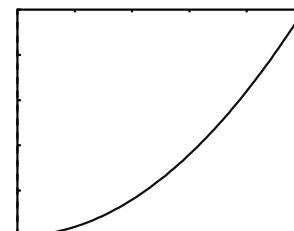
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Performance results



Transient dist.
\transient{
 \source{id==1}
 \target{ex==1}
 \t_start{0.1}
 \t_stop{5.0} }

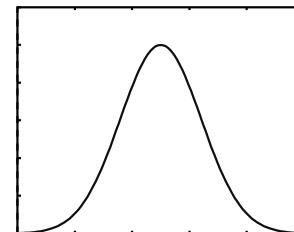


PRISM m

```
...
module queue
q : [0..N];
[] q < N ->
mu:(q'=q+1);
[] q = N ->
mu:(q'=q);
[serve] q > 0 ->
lambda:(q'=q-1);
endmodule
...
```



CSL query
serve \Rightarrow
 $\mathcal{P}(\text{ar } \mathcal{U}^{\leq t} \text{ fi})$



More than a database...

- ➔ When can I reuse the results of someone else's model as well as the model itself
- ➔ separable solution
 - ➲ steady-state → RCAT, product-forms
 - ➲ passage-time/transient → ?

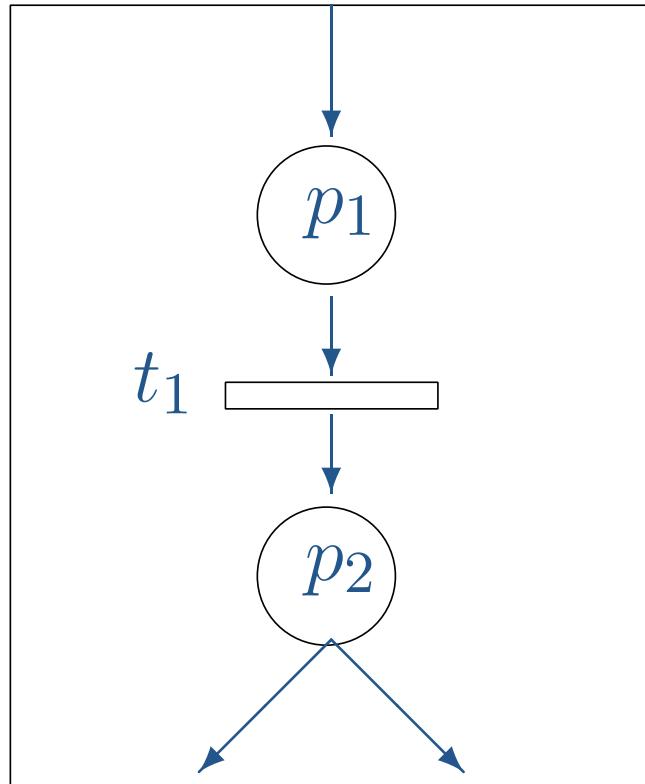
Engineering collaboration

- use your tool/formalism of choice
- allow modellers to write system components in the formalism that best suits the component

Interformalism synchronisation

- ↪ How can a stochastic Petri net model synchronise with stochastic process algebra component?
- ↪ ...or a PEPA component with a PRISM module?
- ↪ ...or an IMC component with a Stochastic automata network?

Interformalism synchronisation

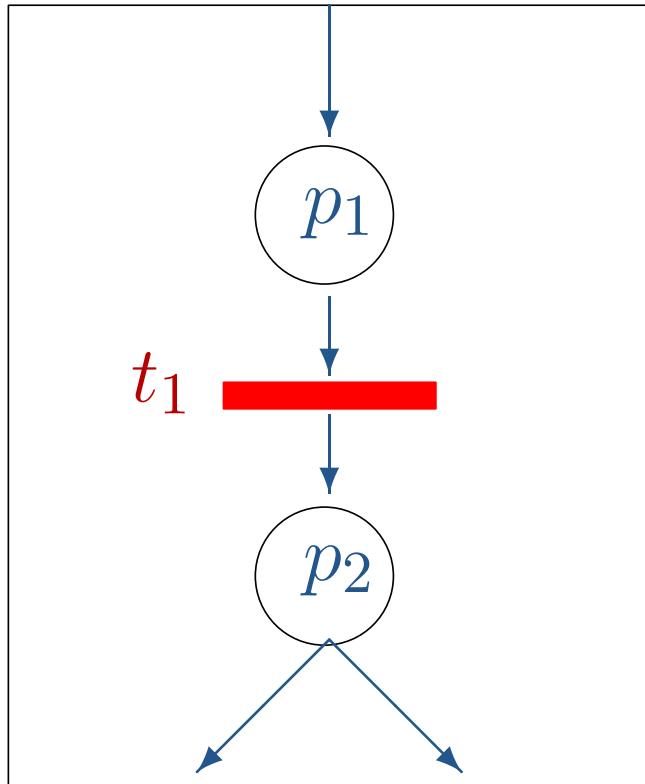


$$A \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (a, \nu). A'$$
$$A' \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (b, \top). A$$

$$B \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (c, \lambda). B'$$
$$B' \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (b, \mu). B$$

$$Sys \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} A \bowtie_{\{b\}} B$$

Interformalism synchronisation



$\{t_1/a\}$

$$A \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (a, \nu).A'$$
$$A' \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (b, \top).A$$

$$B \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (c, \lambda).B'$$
$$B' \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (b, \mu).B$$

$$Sys \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} A \begin{array}{c} \diagup \\[-1ex] \diagdown \end{array}_{\{b\}} B$$

User-definable semantics

- ➊ My idea of how a DSPN should communicate with a SAN will differ from another modeller
- ➋ user-definable cooperation semantics
- ➌ user-definable translation semantics

Conclusion

- ↪ Integrate with some parallelised toolsets: e.g. ETMCC, PRISM, DNAmaca, PWB
- ↪ Attach to a large cluster computer
- ↪ Allow jobs to be received/sent to other Perform-DB enabled clusters
- ↪ Hopefully has potential!