

# Performance Analysis 11: Open queueing networks

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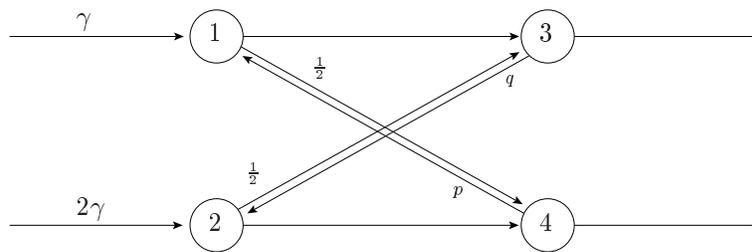


Figure 1: Open queueing network with 4 nodes.

- Construct a matrix equation for the aggregate arrival rates (the traffic equations) in Fig. 1
  - Solve the traffic equations from part (a)
- Given that the service rate of each node in Fig. 1 is  $\mu_i = \frac{3\gamma}{2-p+q}$ ,  $1 \leq i \leq 4$ :
  - Use Jackson's theorem to write down an expression for the steady state probability for each state in the queueing network in Fig. 1
  - Hence find the steady-state probability that there are no customers in the network
  - Using Little's law, find an expression for the total response time in the system
  - Find the average waiting time from entering node 4 to leaving the system completely

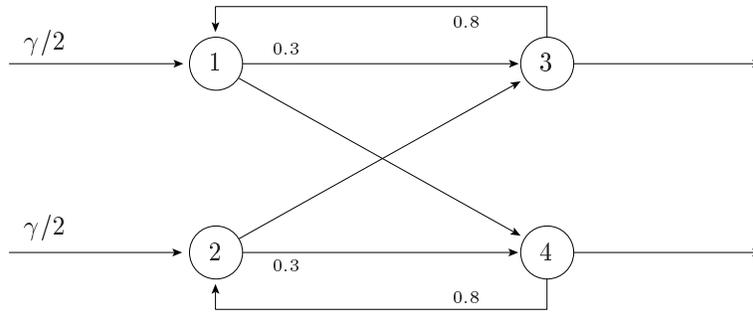


Figure 2: A symmetric open queueing network with 4 nodes.

3. In Fig. 2, the service rates for the queueing nodes are,  $\mu_1 = \mu_2 = 1$  and  $\mu_3 = \mu_4 = 0.5$ 
  - (a) Using conditions for stability in the network, find the largest lower bound on the total average response time,  $W$ , through the system?
  - (b) Find a condition on the arrival rate  $\gamma$  for the response time,  $W < 20$ .