

Collaboration Engineering Approach to Enterprise Architecture Evaluation and Selection

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Outline

1. Background
2. Problem Area
3. Research Challenge
4. Research Approach
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Background (1)

- Changes in the business environment
 - Competitors, globalization, new technologies, business models & regulations
 - Organisations must be capable of adapting swiftly
- Enterprise Architecture
 - Insight & overview to embrace complexity
 - Design business processes & build applications – inline with business mission, vision, strategy and goals
- Explicit vision on the relation between business & IT
 - IT infrastructure - supports business, & a business – achieves from IT development
- Business-IT alignment - integration of all enterprise aspects

Background (2)

- Enterprise Architecture
 - Instrument for addressing company-wide integration
- Enterprise Architecture Definition
 - Principles, methods and models,
 - Enterprise's organisational structure,
 - Business processes, Information systems and infrastructure.
- A framework that facilitates decision making in:
 - Business architecture,
 - Data and Applications (Information Systems) architecture,
 - Technology architecture.

Background (3)

- Stakeholders conflicting concerns and views
 - Resolve concerns, negotiation and shared understanding
 - Problem solving process - social not individualistic ('acceptable' & adequate solution not a right answer).
- Collaboration Engineering
 - Design and deployment,
 - Collaborative technologies and collaborative processes,
 - Support mission-critical tasks.
 - Collaboration processes - enable organisations to achieve sustainable success with Group Support Systems

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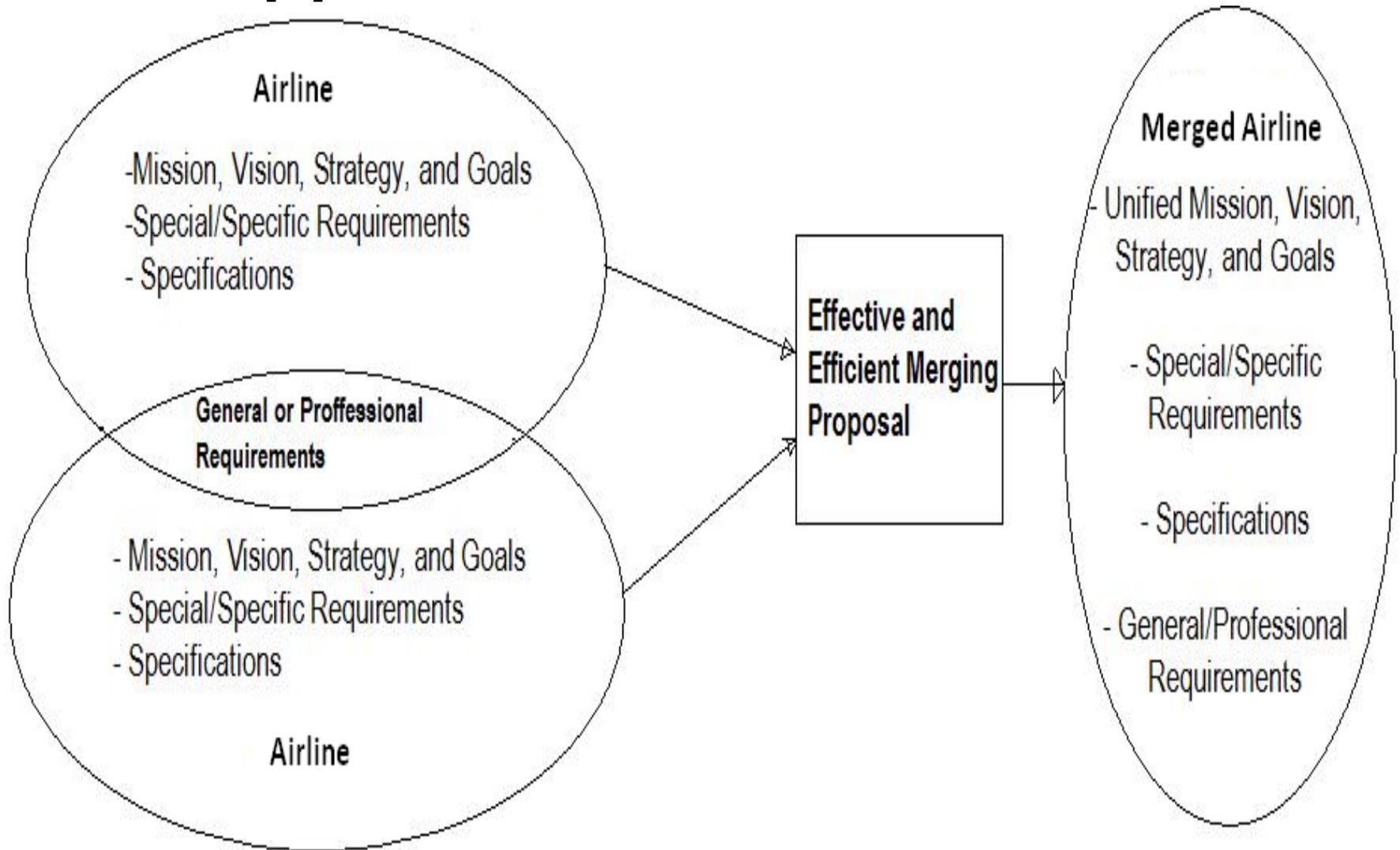
Problem Definition

- Selecting an adequate & 'acceptable' enterprise architecture
 - Requires a collaborative effort of stakeholders,
 - Conflicting concerns and views should all be addressed.
- Research motivation
 - (1) Shared conceptualisation on Enterprise Architecture
 - comprehensive understanding facilitates negotiation;
 - (2) Common evaluation criteria & evaluation method
 - Collaborative evaluation and selection of design alternatives

Related Work

- Enterprise Architecture Frameworks
 - ArchiMate, Zachman, xAF, FEAF, IAF, TOGAF etc.
- Economic methods
 - Economic value of enterprise architectures,
 - Comparison of enterprise architecture frameworks
- Adequate splitting & allying of organisation(s)
- Dialog Mapping
 - technically complex problems & socially complex groups
- Collaborative architecting of enterprise applications
- Enterprise architecture domain
 - Lack of environment for collaborative evaluation & selection of design alternatives

Application Scenario/Case



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Research Questions

- How can all key stakeholders of an organisation reach a shared conceptualisation and understanding of the EA design for the organisation?
- How can we obtain a common evaluation criteria and evaluation method for design alternatives?
- How can the key stakeholders collaboratively select an optimal EA design for the organisation?

Research Objectives

- Repeatable, Predictable, & Transferable collaboration process
 - evaluation and selection of design alternatives
 - Transferable; reduced conceptual load for practitioners
 - Predictable; different practitioners get similar results
 - Repeatable; re-usable

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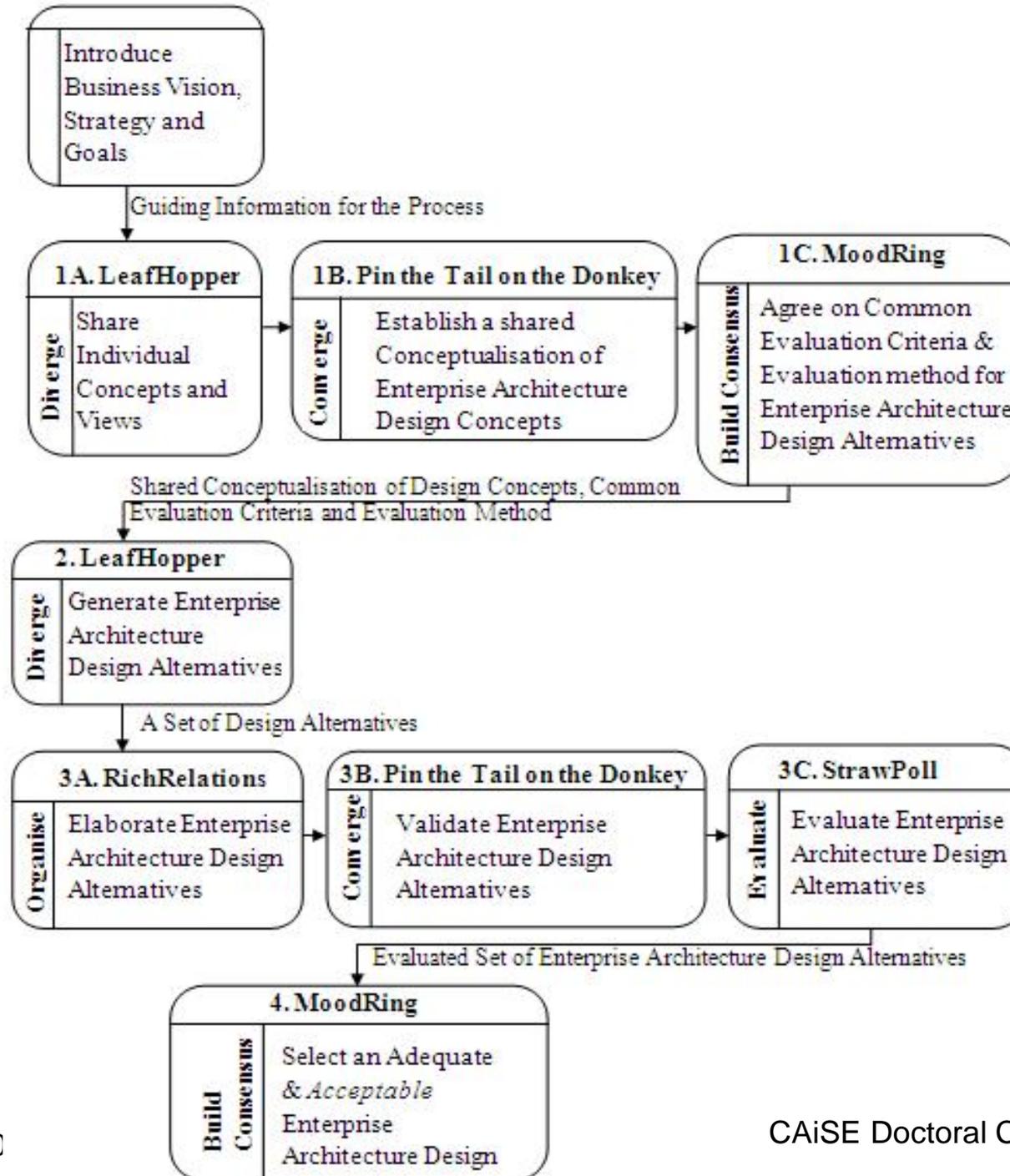
Approach

- Collaboration Engineering
- Process Design Approach
 - Task Diagnosis
 - Decomposition
 - ThinkLet Choice
 - Agenda Building
 - Design Validation
 - Documentation

Preliminary Results

- Activity Decomposition
- Synthesis (Hypothesis) Formulation
 - Facilitation Process Model (FPM)

FPM



Evaluation and Validation

- Application scenario/case
 - illustration purposes only
 - not good for purposes of evaluation & validation of hypothesis.
- Ways of process validation
 - Walk Through
 - Simulation
 - Expert Evaluation
 - Pilot Testing

Work in Progress

- Hypothesis Validation

Conclusion

- Application scenario, only illustrations
- Real case, process validation

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END

Comments & Discussions