

Distributed Systems

Unassessed Coursework No. 4

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A client process accessing a remote server using Remote Procedure Call (RPC) has the following structure:

```
PROCESS client1

    USE iftype.h  -- interface type specification

    DECLARE sref: iftype CLIENT

BODY
{
    ....

    sref := IMPORT ("sname", iftype, "nameserver", result)

        -- bind interface reference sref

    ....

    sref.op1(p1, p2, ....pn, result)  -- RPC on op1 of server "sname"

    ....
}
```

Outline a simple optimised RPC communication protocol, assuming the IMPORT has already been successfully accomplished. The protocol must recover from communication errors, detect duplicate messages but does not perform segmentation i.e. input and output parameters fit into a single message. Your solution must indicate the actions performed at both client and server with respect to dealing with sequence numbers, how communication errors are recovered and what state information is maintained.

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Solution Coursework No. 4

Client

Blocked after sending request so only one message transaction at a time - can use counter to generate transaction numbers, hold request until acknowledged
Send message with new transaction ID and start comms timeout.
If no reply when timeout expires retransmit message.
Repeat timeout and retransmits until retry limit exceeded then signal transaction failure to user and cancel timeout.
When reply or ack received cancel timeout .
If transaction ID in reply not equal to current transaction ID, must be old or duplicate reply so discard and send ack.
If reply valid send ack and pass reply to user which is now unblocked.

Server

Saves active sender's source address, transaction IDs, and last transmitted reply in a table.

New Request received:

```
Check table for source address.  
If transaction ID > entry in table or no entry in table  
then {new request so pass to user  
      and enter transaction ID (& source) in table  
      }  
else // duplicate request  
      if reply saved  
      then send reply  
      else ack and discard request as receiver not yet generated reply.
```

User generates reply:

```
Get transaction ID from table, insert in message, send to source,  
save reply, start timeout.  
If ack received with correct transaction ID  
or new request received with transaction ID > than one stored in table  
  then {cancel timeout: discard reply but save transaction ID.
```

Timeout expires:

```
retransmit reply.  
Repeat timeout and retransmits until retry limit exceeded then discard reply.
```