Cross-Element Vectorization in Firedrake

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What is Firedrake

•We care about features and performance

Achieve this through abstraction layers and code generation

OUnstructured mesh

oFinite element ≈ integration ≈ assembly



Source: Rathgeber

```
static inline void kernel(double * restrict A, double const * restrict coords, double const
  for (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)</pre>
    for (int j0 = 0; j0 \le 9; ++j0)
      A[2 * j0] = A[2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t36 + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t35;
      A[1 + 2 * j0] = A[1 + 2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t32 + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t31;
    }
}
void wrapper(int const start, int const end, double * restrict dat0, double const * restrict
Ł
  for (int n = start; n <= -1 + end; ++n)</pre>
    for (int i7 = 0; i7 <= 2; ++i7)</pre>
      for (int i8 = 0; i8 \le 1; ++i8)
        t3[2 * i7 + i8] = dat1[2 * map1[3 * n + i7] + i8];
    for (int i13 = 0; i13 <= 9; ++i13)</pre>
      for (int i14 = 0; i14 <= 1; ++i14)
        t4[2 * i13 + i14] = dat2[2 * map0[10 * n + i13] + i14];
    for (int i1 = 0; i1 <= 9; ++i1)</pre>
      for (int i2 = 0; i2 \le 1; ++i2)
        t2[2 * i1 + i2] = 0.0;
    form0 cell integral otherwise(t2, t3, t4);
    for (int i20 = 0; i20 <= 1; ++i20)
      for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)
        dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] = dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] + t2[2 * i19 + i20
  }
```

```
static inline void kernel(double * restrict A, double const * restrict coords, double const
  for (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)</pre>
                                                                             Kernel
    for (int j0 = 0; j0 \le 9; ++j0)
      A[2 * j0] = A[2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t36 + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t35;
      A[1 + 2 * j0] = A[1 + 2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t32 + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t31;
    }
void wrapper(int const start, int const end, double * restrict dat0, double const * restrict
  for (int n = start; n \le -1 + end; ++n)
    for (int i7 = 0; i7 <= 2; ++i7)</pre>
      for (int i8 = 0; i8 \le 1; ++i8)
        t3[2 * i7 + i8] = dat1[2 * map1[3 * n + i7] + i8];
    for (int i13 = 0; i13 <= 9; ++i13)
      for (int i14 = 0; i14 <= 1; ++i14)
        t4[2 * i13 + i14] = dat2[2 * map0[10 * n + i13] + i14];
                                                                         Wrapper
    for (int i1 = 0; i1 <= 9; ++i1)</pre>
      for (int i2 = 0; i2 \le 1; ++i2)
        t2[2 * i1 + i2] = 0.0;
    form0 cell integral otherwise(t2, t3, t4);
    for (int i20 = 0; i20 <= 1; ++i20)
      for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)</pre>
        dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] = dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] + t2[2 * i12+ i20
```

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```
static inline void kernel(double * restrict A, double const * restrict coords, double const
  for (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)</pre>
   for (int j0 = 0; j0 <= 9; ++j0)
     A[2 * j0] = A[1 + 2 * j] Loop through all elements in the mesh \int_{+j0]}^{+135} * t_{31};
                (int n = start; n <= -1 + end; ++n)
void wrapper(int const start, int const end, double * restrict ____dat0, double const *
{
     (int n = start; n <= -1 + end; ++n)
    for (int i7 = 0; i7 <= 2; ++i7)
     for (int i8 = 0; i8 <= 1; ++i8)
       t3[2 * i7 + i8] = dat1[2 * map1[3 * n + i7] + i8];
    for (int i13 = 0; i13 <= 9; ++i13)
     for (int i14 = 0; i14 <= 1; ++i14)
       t4[2 * i13 + i14] = dat2[2 * map0[10 * n + i13] + i14];
                                                                       Wrapper
   for (int i1 = 0; i1 <= 9; ++i1)
     for (int i2 = 0; i2 \le 1; ++i2)
       t2[2 * i1 + i2] = 0.0;
    form0 cell integral otherwise(t2, t3, t4);
    for (int i20 = 0; i20 <= 1; ++i20)
     for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)
       dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] = dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] + t2[2 * i19 + i20
```

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```
static inline void kernel(double * restrict A, double const * restrict coords, double const
      for (int ip = 0 Indirect gathering of input data for kernel
           for (int i7 = 0; i7 <= 2; ++i7)</pre>
11
              for (int i8 = 0; i8 <= 1; ++i8)</pre>
12
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                t3[2 * i7 + i8] = dat1[2 * map1[3 * n + i7] + i8];
14
           for (int i13 = 0; i13 <= 9; ++i13)</pre>
         A
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         Α
             for (int i14 = 0; i14 <= 1; ++i14)</pre>
17
                t4[2 * i13 + i14] = dat2[2 * map0[10 * n + i13] + i14];
18
           for (int i1 = 0; i1 <= 9; ++i1)
19
20
            for (int i2 = 0; i2 <= 1; ++i2)
    void wr
21
                 t2[2 * i1 + i2] = 0.0;
22
    {
23
      for (ip n = start; n <= -1 + end; ++n)
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           (int i7 = 0; i7 <= 2; ++i7)
          for (int i8 = 0; i8 <= 1; ++i8)
           t3[2 * i7 + i8] = dat1[2 * map1[3 * n + i7] + i8];
29
       for (int i13 = 0; i13 <= 9; ++i13)
         for (int i14 = 0; i14 <= 1; ++i14)
30
           t4[2 * i13 + i14] = dat2[2 * map0[10 * n + i13] + i14];
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       for (int i1 = 0; i1 <= 9; ++i1)
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         for (int i2 = 0; i2 <= 1; ++i2)
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           t2[2 * i1 + i2] = 0.0;
36
      form0 cell integral otherwise(t2, t3, t4);
37
        for (int i20 = 0; i20 <= 1; ++i20)
         for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)
           dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] = dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] + t2[2 * i19 + i20
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```

Action of linear elasticity operator on triangle mesh, Lagrange element of degree 3

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```
static inline void kernel(double * restrict A, double const * restrict coords, double const
  for (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)</pre>
   for (int j0 = 0; j0 <= 9; ++j0)
     A[2 * j0] = A[2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t36 + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t35;
     A[1 + 2 * j0] = A[1 + 2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t32 + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t31;
    }
void wrapper(int const start, int const end, double * restrict dat0, double const * restrict
  for (int n = start; n <= -1 + en
                                    Kernel "call", actually it is inlined
   for (int i7 = 0; i7 <= 2; ++i7
     for (int i8 = 0; i8 <= 1; ++i8)
       t3[2 * i7 + i8] = dat1[2 *
                                   kernel(t2, t3, t4);
    for (int i13 = 0; i13 <= 9; ++,
     for (int i14 = 0; i14 <= 1;
       t4[2 * i13 + i14] = dat2[2
   for (int i1 = 0; i1 <= 9; ++i1)
     for (int i2 = 0; i2 <= 1; ++,2)
       t2[2 * i1 + i2] = 0.0;
    form0 cell integral otherwise(t2, t3, t4);
    for (int i20 = 0; i20 <= 1; ++i20)
     for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)
       dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] = dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] + t2[2 * i19 + i20
```

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```
static inline void kernel(double * restrict A, double const * restrict coords, double const
 for (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)
   for (int j0 = 0; j0 <= 9; ++j0)
     A[2 * j0] = A[2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t36 + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t35;
     A[1 + 2 * j0] = A[1 + 2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t32 + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t31;
void wrapper(int const start, int const end, double * restrict dat0, double const * restrict
 for (int n = start; n <= -1 + end; ++n)
   for (int i
     for (in Indirect scattering of local matrix to global matrix)
   for (int i20 = 0; i20 <= 1; ++i20)
      for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)
         dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] += t2[2 * i19 + i20];
   form cell integral otherwise(t2, t3, t4);
       (int i20 = 0; i20 \le 1; ++i20)
     for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)
       dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] = dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] + t2[2 * i19 + i20
```

```
static inline void kernel(double * restrict A, double const * restrict coords, double restrict coords, double r
   r (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)
                                                                     Kernel
   for (int j0 = 0; j0 <= 9; ++j0)
     A[2 * j0] = A[2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t36 + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t35;
     A[1 + 2 * j0] = A[1 + 2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t32 + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t31;
            Outer loop: contraction over quadrature points
for (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)</pre>
Ł
  /* inner loop over degrees of freedoms
  for (int j0 = 0; j0 \le 9; ++j0)
    A[2 * j0] += t18[10 * ip + j0] * t36 + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t35;
    A[1 + 2 * j0] += t18[10 * ip + j0] * t32 + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t31;
}
       (int i20 = 0; i20 \le 1; ++i20)
     for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)
       dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] = dat0[2 * map0[10 * n + i19] + i20] + t2[2 * i19 + i20
```

Action of linear elasticity operator on triangle mesh, Lagrange element of degree 3

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What's the problem with vectorization?

SIMD width doubles every 4 years
 AVX512 (2017) can do 8 doubles

•Vectorizing loops in one kernel (intra-kernel) is not easy

- Trip count can be small and/or not multiple of SIMD width
- Possible dependencies
- Alignment to cache boundary
- Stride 1 access
- Varies with PDE, discretization, mesh
- oInter-kernel vectorization provides a generic solution
 - Vector-expand the kernel to act on N elements together, N=SIMD width
 - Can always do this systematically
 - Downside: increasing working size





Abstraction layers





Introducing loo.py

- Andreas Klöckner et. al (UIUC)
- ≈ isl model of loops + transformations
- Not a blackbox
 - But handy if you tell it exactly what to do
- Support multiple backends
 - CPU
 - ISPC
 - OpenCL, PyOpenCL
 - Cuda

Abstraction layers





```
static inline void kernel(double * restrict A, double const * restrict coords, double const * restrict
  for (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)
  Ł
    for (int j0 = 0; j0 \le 9; ++j0)
      for (int elem = 0; elem <= 3; ++elem)</pre>
      {
        A[elem + 4 * 2 * j0] = A[elem + 4 * 2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t36[elem] + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t35[
        A[elem + 4 * (1 + 2 * j0)] = A[elem + 4 * (1 + 2 * j0)] + t18[10 * j0] * t32[elem] + t19[10 * j0]
 }
}
void wrap form0 cell integral otherwise(int const start, int const end, double * restrict dat0, double const
Ł
  for (int n outer = (start / 4); n outer <= ((-4 + end) / 4); ++n outer)
  {
    for (int i7 = 0; i7 <= 2; ++i7)
      for (int i8 = 0; i8 \le 1; ++i8)
        for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
          t3[8 * i7 + 4 * i8 + n inner] = dat1[2 * map1[3 * (4 * n outer + n inner) + i7] + i8];
    for (int i13 = 0; i13 <= 9; ++i13)
      for (int i14 = 0; i14 <= 1; ++i14)
        for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
          t4[8 * i13 + 4 * i14 + n inner] = dat2[2 * map0[10 * (4 * n outer + n inner) + i13] + i14];
    for (int i1 = 0; i1 <= 9; ++i1)</pre>
      for (int i2 = 0; i2 \le 1; ++i2)
        for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
          t2[8 * i1 + 4 * i2 + n inner] = 0.0;
    kernel(t2, t3, t4);
    for (int i20 = 0; i20 <= 1; ++i20)
      for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)</pre>
        for (int n_inner = 0; n_inner <= 3; ++n_inner)</pre>
          dat0[2 * map0[10 * <u>(4 * n outer + n inner) + i10] + i20] = dat0[2 * man0[10 * (4 * n outer + n inner</u>
                              Action of linear elasticity operator on triangle mesh, batched by 4
```

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```
static inline void kernel(double * restrict A, double const * restrict coords, double const * restrict
 for (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)
   for (int j0 = )
                   Split n into n_outer and n_inner
     for (int ele
     Ł
                            Outer loop stride 4
       A[elem + 4]
                                                                   36[elem] + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t35[
       A[elem + 4
                                                                   ip + j0] * t32[elem] + t19[10 * ip
for (int n outer = (start / 4); n outer <= ((-4 + end) / 4); ++n outer)
                                                                                   dat0, double d
void _vrap_form0_cell_integral_otherwise(int const start, int const end, double * _ restrict___
 {
   for (int i7 = 0; i7 <= 2; ++i7)
     for (int i8 = 0; i8 <= 1; ++i8)
       for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
         t3[8 * i7 + 4 * i8 + n_inner <= 3; ++n_inner)
   for (int i13 = 0; i13 <= 9; ++i13)
     for (int i14 = 0; i14 <= 1; ++i14)
       for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
         t4[8 * i13 + 4 * i14 + n_inner] = dat2[2 * map0[10 * (4 * n_outer + n_inner) + i13] + i14];
   for (int i1 = 0; i1 <= 9; ++i1)
     for (int i2 = 0; i2 <= 1; ++i2)
       for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
         t2[8 * i1 + 4 * i2 + n_inner] = 0.0;
   kernel(t2, t3, t4);
   for (int i20 = 0; i20 <= 1; ++i20)
     for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)
       for (int n_inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n_inner)</pre>
         dat0[2 * map0[10 * <u>14 * n outer + n inner) +</u>
                                                 <u>i101 + i201 - dat0[2 * man0[10</u>
                           Action of linear elasticity operator on triangle mesh, batched by 4
```

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```
static inline void kernel(double * restrict A, double const * restrict coords, double const * restrict
                         Gathering input data for 4 elements
     for (int ip = 0; ip
                               Arrays are vector-expanded
  for (int i7 = 0; i7 <= 2; ++i7)
    for (int i8 = 0; i8 <= 1; ++i8)
      for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
        t3[8 * i7 + 4 * i8 + n inner] = dat1[2 * map1[3 * (4 * n outer + n inner) + i7] + i8];
  for (int i13 = 0; i13 <= 9; ++i13)
    for (int i14 = 0; i14 <= 1; ++i14)
      for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
        t4[8 * i\overline{1}3 + 4 * i14 + n inner] = dat\overline{2}[2 * map0[10 * (4 * n outer + n inner) + i13] + i14];
  for (int i1 = 0; i1 <= 9; ++i1)
    for (int i2 = 0; i2 <= 1; ++i2)
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      for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
24
        t2[8 * i1 + 4 * i2 + n inner] = 0.0;
      for (int n outer = (start /
                               Data for different elements packed to
        or/(int i7 = 0; i7 <= 2;
         or (int i8 = 0; i8 <= _
           for (int n_inner = 0; inner most dimension
             for (int i13 = 0; i13 <= 9; ++i13)
         for (int i14 = 0; i14 <= 1; ++i14)
           for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
             t4[8 * i13 + 4 * i14 + n_inner] = dat2[2 * map0[10 * (4 * n_outer + n_inner) + i13] + i14];
       for (int i1 = 0; i1 <= 9; ++i1)
         for (int i2 = 0; i2 <= 1; ++i2)
           for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)
             t2[8 * i1 + 4 * i2 + n inner] = 0.0;
       kernel(t2, t3, t4);
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       for (int i20 = 0; i20 <= 1; ++i20)
         for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)
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           for (int n_inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n_inner)</pre>
             dat0[2 * map0[10 * (4 * n outer + n inner)
                                                     i101 +
                                                           <u> 1201 - date[2 * man@[10</u>
47
                               Action of linear elasticity operator on triangle mesh, batched by 4
```

```
static inline void kernel(double * restrict A, double const * restrict coords, double const * restrict
  for (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)
    for (int j0 = 0; j0 <= 9; ++j0)
     for (int elem = 0; elem <= 3; ++elem)
     {
       A[elem + 4 * 2 * j0] = A[elem + 4 * 2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t36[elem] + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t35[
       A[elem + 4 * (1 + 2 * j0)] = A[elem + 4 * (1 + 2 * j0)] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t32[elem] + t19[10 * ip
  }
}
void wrap_form0_cell_integral_otherwise(int const start, int const end, double * restrict _ dat0, double cons
Ł
  for (int n outer = (start / 4); n outer <= ((-4 + end) / 4); ++n outer)
  {
    for (int i7 = 0; i7 <= 2; ++i7)
     for (int i8 = 0; i8 <= 1;
                                        Kernel call
       for (int n inner = 0; n
                                                                 puter + n inner) + i7] + i8];
          t3[8 * i7 + 4 * i8 + i
    for (int i13 = 0; i13
     for (int i14 = 0;
                         kernel(t2, t3, t4);
       for (int n inner
                                                                               nner) + i13] + i14];
         t4[8 * i13 +
    for (int i1 = 0; i1
     for (int i2 =-0; iz
                         ~- ±, ++±∠/
       for (int p_inner = 0; n_inner <= 3; ++n inner)
         t2[8 * i1 + 4 * i2 + n_inner] = 0.0;
   kernel(t2, t3, t4);
    for (int i20 = 0; i20 <= 1; ++i20)
     for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)
       for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
         dat0[2 * map0[10 * (4 * n outer + n inner) + i10] + i20] - dat0[2 * map0[10 *
                             Action of linear elasticity operator on triangle mesh, batched by 4
```

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```
static inline void kernel(double * restrict A, double const * restrict coords, double const * restrict
      for (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)
10
11
12
        for (int j0 = 0; j0 \le 9; ++j0)
13
          for (int elem = 0; elem <= 3; ++elem)</pre>
14
          {
            A[elem + 4 * 2 * j0] = A[elem + 4 * 2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t36[elem] + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t35[
15
            A[elem + 4 * (1 + 2 * j0)] = A[elem + 4 * (1 + 2 * j0)] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t32[elem] + t19[10 * ip
17
      }
     }
21
    void wrap_form0_cell_integral_otherwise(int const start, int const end, double * _ restrict __ dat0, double cons
23
24
      for (int n outer = (start / 4); n outer <= ((-4 + end) / 4); ++n outer)
27
      {
        for (int i7 = 0; i7 <= 2: ++i7)
          for (int i8 = 0; i8
                                Scattering might have race condition
            for (int n inner +
              t3[8 * i7
                                                                                           71 \pm i81
for (int i20 = 0; i20 <= 1; ++i20)
  for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)
    for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
       dat0[2 * map0[10 * (4 * n outer + n inner) + i19] + i20] += t2[8 * i19 + 4 * i20 + n inner];
              (INT 12 = 0; 12 <= 1; ++12)
37
            for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
              _t2[8 * i1 + 4 * i2 + n inner] = 0.0;
        kerrel(t2, t3, t4);
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            (int i20 = 0; i20 \le 1; ++i20)
43
          for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)
44
            for (int n_inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)
              dat0[2 * map0[10 * (4 * n outer + n inner)
                                                           i101 .
                                                                  <u>i201 - dat0[2 * man0[10</u>
                                  Action of linear elasticity operator on triangle mesh, batched by 4
```

```
static inline void kernel(double * restrict A, double const * restrict coords, double const * rest
       or (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)
                                                                                          Kernel
11
12
        for (int j0 = 0; j0 \le 9; ++j0)
13
          for (int elem = 0; elem <= 3; ++elem)</pre>
14
            A[elem + 4 * 2 * j0] = A[elem + 4 * 2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t36[elem] + t19[10 * ip + j0] *
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                                                                                                            35 [
           A[elem + 4 * (1 + 2 * j0)] = A[elem + 4 * (1 + 2 * j0)] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t32[elem] + t19[10 * j0]
                                                                                                            iρ
17
for (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)</pre>
{
                                          "element" loop pushed to innermost
   for (int j0 = 0; j0 <= 9; ++j0)</pre>
     for (int elem = 0; elem <= 3; ++elem)</pre>
       A[elem + 4 * 2 * j0] += t18[10 * ip + j0] * t36[elem] + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t35[elem];
       A[elem + 4 * (1 + 2 * j0)] += t18[10 * ip + j0] * t32[elem] + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t31[elem];
                               Trip count 4, stride 1, aligned, independent
}
34
                (int n inner
              t4[8 * i13 + 4 * i14 + n_inner] = dat2[2 * map0[10 * (4 * n_outer + n_inner) + i13] + i14];
        for (int i1 = 0; i1 <= 9; ++i1)
          for (int i2 = 0; i2 <= 1; ++i2)
            for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
              t2[8 * i1 + 4 * i2 + n inner] = 0.0;
        kernel(t2, t3, t4);
41
42
43
        for (int i20 = 0; i20 <= 1; ++i20)
          for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)
44
            for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
              dat0[2 * map0[10 * 44 *
                                                                       10.000 * Cl0tch
47
                                 Action of linear elasticity operator on triangle mesh, batched by 4
```

```
static inline void kernel(double * restrict A, double const * restrict coords, double const * rest
       or (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)
                                                                                         Kernel
11
12
        for (int j0 = 0; j0 \le 9; ++j0)
13
          for (int elem = 0; elem <= 3; ++elem)</pre>
14
           A[elem + 4 * 2 * j0] = A[elem + 4 * 2 * j0] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t36[elem] + t19[10 * ip + j0] *
15
                                                                                                           35 [
           A[elem + 4 * (1 + 2 * j0)] = A[elem + 4 * (1 + 2 * j0)] + t18[10 * ip + j0] * t32[elem] + t19[10 * j0]
                                                                                                           iD
17
for (int ip = 0; ip <= 5; ++ip)</pre>
{
                                          "element" loop pushed to innermost
   for (int i0 = 0; i0 \le 9; ++i0)
     for (int elem = 0; elem <= 3; ++elem)</pre>
       A[elem + 4 * 2 * j0] += t18[10 * ip + j0] * t36[elem] + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t35[elem];
       A[elem + 4 * (1 + 2 * j0)] += t18[10 * ip + j0] * t32[elem] + t19[10 * ip + j0] * t31[elem];
                              Trip count 4, stride 1, aligned, independent
}
34
               (int n inner =
             t4[8 * i13 + 4 * i14 + n_inner] = dat2[2 * map0[10 * (4 * n_outer + n_inner) + i13] + i14];
        for (int i1 = 0; i1 <= 9; ++i1)
          for (int i2 = 0; i2 <= 1; ++i2)
           for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
             t2[8 * i1 + 4 * i2 + n inner] = 0.0;
        kernel(t2, t3, t4);
41
                                                       "easily vectorizable, right?"
42
43
        for (int i20 = 0; i20 <= 1; ++i20)
          for (int i19 = 0; i19 <= 9; ++i19)
           for (int n inner = 0; n inner <= 3; ++n inner)</pre>
             dat0[2 * map0[10 * 44 *
                                                                         -A[2 * manA[
47
                                Action of linear elasticity operator on triangle mesh, batched by 4
```

Experimental setup

oHardware: Haswell i7-4790 (single core measurement)

- Peak flop = 3.6 GHz x 4 (avx2) x 2 (fma) x 2 (issue) = 57.6 Gflops
- Running Intel LINPACK binary: 51.0 Gflops
- o STREAM triad bandwidth: 10.4 GB / s
- Roofline AI "regime switching point" = 5.54 flops / byte
- In reality we don't have enough registers, so expect a bottleneck in L1 cache access to spilled values
- OMesh: hexagon (3D)
- Action of Helmholtz operator
 - AI (perfect cache) 6.5 to 33.6
- •We present achieved flops / 57.6 Gflops

...need to tell compiler to vectorise the innermost loop



Higher polynomial degree (more degrees of freedoms)

...need to tell compiler to vectorise the innermost loop



Higher polynomial degree (more degrees of freedoms)

Flop contribution by instruction types



Helmholtz on hexahedron, degree 4

What we think so far

Batch is effective way to utilize SIMD resources
 If not outright better, certainly smoother

•Register pressure likely to be the problem now

- But there might be low-hanging fruits
- o Tell compilers to vectorize the inner most loop

 Haswell is quite old, oddities might disappear on more recent architecture

To be continued...

oHelp the compiler with register allocation?

Trade-off between compute and storage

o Currently we minimize flop

•Bigger picture: what we really aiming at is the abstraction of loops

- Cross-element vectorization is almost a by-product
- Pathway to GPUs (and beyond)...
- o ... which requires a performance model and/or autotuning

Speedup vs not batched

